



NASHVILLE and Chattanooga railroad stock was quoted in New York yesterday at \$1.23.

NEXT summer will be hard on the American people—an abundance of politics and a scarcity of ice.

TEN thousand dollars' worth of old Tennessee bonds were sold in New York last Wednesday at 36.

THE Tribune has been demoralized of late, but is at last returning to its first love. Our remarks have had a good effect.

THE Atlanta Constitution is for the nominees. Now, Mr. Tribune, fire some of the same kind of shot into the Constitution that you did into us.

STATESMAN BRASLEY is out in a letter, published in the Franklin Review, in which he exhausts the dialect of the fish-woman in an effort to say hard things about the Nashville American.

WE don't need a standing army. If any unpleasantness arises, the president has only to call out the chronic candidates and enough men will be obtained to dump England off into the sea without the aid of hand-spikes.

UNCLE Sammy has at last given announcement that he is a candidate for the presidency. The "bar" will now be opened and a careful observer can easily note its effect by the change in sentiment of the backwoods weekler.

THERE is a strong movement on foot to do away with the two-thirds rule in the democratic convention. Its principal endorers are to be found in the south and in New York. The reason for this is evident. If the majority rule should be adopted, the south and the empire state, having 208 votes, would name the candidate.

THE little innocent Moses wants to know what kind of families the comptroller, city treasurer and clerk of Elizabeth, N. J., belong to. We are not advised, but think, judging from their most marked peculiarities, that they resemble the great democratic family enough to be of it. They are indicted for conspiracy and embezzlement.

DE LESSEPS says "civilization goes on two legs: the one man and the other woman." This accounts for the many backward steps and halts civilization has made since she began her journey. The woman-leg wanted a new hat, or a new spring dress and the man-leg wouldn't give her the money, and then the w-l got mad and there was a row. Another plume should be stuck in De Lesseps's chapeau.

"THE CHRONICLE assumes, from the foregoing, that we are afraid of Bayard's record, and want a man with a better record for loyalty. Now, to quiet your apprehensions on that account we will state our position in unmistakable terms. So far as we are personally concerned, we prefer Mr. Bayard to any man in America. We regard him as able, fearless and incorruptible. He is a strong man. Strong in all that is requisite to constitute a statesman, a patriot and a gentleman. Strong where nine-tenths of your so-called great men are weak. A statesman while they are mere political tricksters; honest, when they are venal; and fearless in support of principle while they are cowardly time-serving place seekers.—Tribune.

Just so. That is very good, so far as it goes, but you stopped too soon. Now, tell us why Mr. Bayard is "practically out of the race for the presidency," and why you think his nomination would be playing into the hands of the "radicals" by giving them a pretext for voting for Grant for a third term. Speak out, young man, we are looking at you.

Democratic Convention To-day.

The democracy of Knox county will assemble in convention, at the courthouse, at noon to-day, for the purpose of selecting candidates for the offices of sheriff and county trustee, the only two county officers to be elected next August. So far as is known, there are but two aspirants in the party for the nomination for sheriff. They are ex-Tax collector W. A. Anderson and ex-deputy sheriff W. C. McCammon. Rather a spirited, though apparently friendly contest, has been in progress between the friends and supporters of each man for several days, and from the surface indications yesterday Mr. Anderson seems to be the winning card, but "sometimes we can't meet always tell" how these things will terminate.

As to the trusteeship, it is scarcely mentioned, and will no doubt be carried by the sheriff's ally nomination. There are two known aspirants for this nomination, Esquire Wm. S. Smith and Mr. Walker, both from the 11th district.

On the other side of the house, politically, it is quite different in the race for sheriff. Altogether, actual and prospective, there are perhaps close on to a round dozen aspirants for the nomination for sheriff at the hands of the republican convention, to be held on Monday, 23d inst., and they are making a heated canvass. The trustee's race is never mentioned, as yet.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The Senate Still Considering the Fitz John Porter Case.

Secretary Schurz Thinks the Ute Troubles Nearly Ended.

The Democratic State Convention of Kentucky Called.

XLVI. CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 5. The vice president laid before the senate a communication from the secretary of the navy transmitting, in response to a senate resolution, information as to the present condition of affairs in Alaska. Also, a communication from the secretary of the treasury, transmitting information as to the amounts paid for the star postal service, etc.

Senator Maxey (Tex.), from the committee on postoffices and post roads, reported, with amendments, the senate bill to designate, classify and fix the salaries of persons in the railway mail service. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Butler (S. C.), from the committee on territories, reported a bill to establish a territorial government for the territory of Alaska. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Harris (Tenn.) presented the memorial of the cotton exchange and fifty leading firms of Memphis, praying that the mail service may not be reduced but maintained by proper appropriations.

Senator Saulsbury (Del.) opposed the passage of the bill relieving Pay Director Abbott from the liability for the defalcation on the part of his subordinate, on the ground that it encouraged carelessness. The bill was, however, passed by a vote of 35 to 14.

Mr. Logan (Ill.) continued his argument against the passage of the Fitz John Porter bill. He pointed out on the maps the relative position of the various forces on the field, and said it was evident that there was no obstruction in front of Porter to prevent his pushing forward to strike Jackson's right before Longstreet could come up, as Pope intended should be done. If Porter had obeyed Pope's orders, Jackson would have been crushed. Senator Logan praised Pope's plan in this instance, and endorsed Pope as one of the ablest officers in the army. The "confederate" general's reports show that the confederates were deceived by Pope's strategy into throwing their forces to the left of Jackson's command, thus leaving Jackson open to Porter's attack, and it was only Porter's refusal to obey Pope that caused the stratagem to fail. To pass this bill would be to condone a great crime, establish a dangerous precedent and perpetrate injustice to the officers whose promotion in the army would be delayed by Porter's reinstatement.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 5. In the house this morning, Mr. Chittenden (N. Y.) introduced a bill, which was referred, giving the New York chamber of commerce permission to erect a suitable statue or group commemorative of the inauguration of George Washington as first president of the United States on the front of the sub-treasury in New York city.

Mr. Morrison (Ill.) from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill amending the statutes in regard to the immediate transportation of detable articles. Printed and recommended.

Mr. Carlisle (Ky.) introduced a bill fixing duties on sugar as follows: On all sugars not above No. 13 d's in color 2.40 cents per pound; above No. 13 and not above No. 16, 2.45 cents per pound; all over No. 16, 4 cents per pound; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter or amend the act of August 15th, 1876, to carry into effect the convention between the United States and the King of the Hawaiian Islands. Referred.

Mr. Hazleton (Wis.) complained that Mr. Warner (Ohio) had used the words "hospital pimps," yesterday, in referring to the pensioners of the government, and then had them stricken out of his remarks, as printed in the Record. A lively discussion ensued, which was once interrupted by the speaker, who thought the members out of order. Adjourned until Monday.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 5.

Representative Cox, of New York, introduced a bill in the house to-day to increase the efficiency of the life-saving service. It authorizes the establishment of two additional stations on the North Carolina coast and six houses of refuge on the east coast of Florida. The bill provides for a pension of \$15 per month to the widows of officers and \$12 per month to widows of members of a crew who may lose their lives in the service, or from wounds or sickness contracted in the discharge of their duty.

The committee of claims reported to the house to-day, favoring the payment of Warren Mitchell's claim for 738 bales of cotton, which were sold in 1863 under the act providing for the sale of condemned and abandoned property, and the proceeds of which, \$128,692, were covered into the treasury. Secretary Schurz says he is in hopes of concluding negotiations with the Ute Indians to-morrow. As soon as the matter is definitely settled and the signatures of the Indians obtained, the text of the agreement will be made public. It has not yet been determined what will be done with the two Utes nor him who is supposed to have been immediately connected with the Meeker massacre.

Senator Butler, from the committee on territories, reported the bills to-day to organize the territory of Alaska and establish a territorial government therefor.

THE INVASION.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 5.—The board of trade hall was filled to overflowing last night to listen to speeches by Col. Bandinot, Hon. B. J. Franklin and others in favor of opening Indian territory to settlement. United States Marshal Allen, who has recent instructions from Attorney General Devens to be present at the meeting and read the president's recent proclamation against the invasion of the territory, at the opening of the meeting was requested to stand up and execute the order. The assembly was made up and controlled by the best citizens of Kansas City, gathered together to give expression to their views in regard to the necessity of planning peaceably the settlement of the Indian territory.

It had no sympathy with the forcible invasion sentiment meeting, but adopted a lengthy memorial to congress with an accompanying resolution embracing strong points in favor of opening the territory, and praying congress to take such action consistent with the best interest of all concerned, as will soonest bring about the desired end.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, March 5.—The democratic state convention, to nominate delegates to the Cincinnati convention, has been called to meet at Lexington, June 17th.

MINOR DISPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, O., March 5.—The new superintendent of police having called on the proprietors of the gambling saloons to close their places therequest is being generally complied with.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 5.—The national greenback convention have nominated Stephen D. Dillaye, of New Hampshire, for president, and B. J. Chambers, of Texas, for vice president.

RICHMOND, March 5.—The governor to-day returned the readjusters' bill to the legislature with his disapproval.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, March 5.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says Walodsky stated that he was arrested in St. Petersburg in 1879, departed to Jusk, but escaped. When he heard that his party was preparing for a revolution for the 2d of March, he resolved to go to St. Petersburg. Having heard of Melnikoff's appointment, the revolutionists ordered that nothing be done on the 2d. The postponement of the revolution preventing him from getting money, he resolved to kill Melnikoff.

A dispatch from Boyton to the Pall Mall Gazette says: "With the view of affording Prince Bismarck further relief from his arduous duties, Count Von Staiberg Wernigerode, at present vice president of the council of ministers, is about to be appointed Prussian premier in his stead."

A correspondent of the Daily News at Paris says: "Put-

ting together a good deal of information. I have come to the conclusion that Hartman, nihilist, arrested here, will not be surrendered to the Russian authorities. Prince Orloff, the Russian ambassador here, has assured the French government that its decision in the matter, whatever it may be, will not affect the relations between France and Russia."

Items From Powell's Station.

POWELL'S STATION, March 4. MR. EDITOR: Will you chronicle a few items from our place?

Our saw mill, stores and blacksmith shop are doing a fine business now. The hens have turned loose and raised a continual cackle all over the country. Here is the way a store-keeper, not a thousand miles from here, does it up:

Customer—"I want two yards of calico to make the child a frock." Clerk—"I haven't got it to spare." Customer—"Have you borax?" Clerk—"Plenty of it, what kind do you want?"

Customer—"Let me have a cross-cut saw file. Certainly, and the fellow ran around to a box and brought out a rat-tail file as big as your finger." [Exit, customer, swearing by note.]

The wheat, in our part of the country, looks fine. Wm. Lewis and Jo. Elkins are pasturing heavily. Wheat that was sown late enough to get the benefit of the rains in coming up, has good stand and looks well.

While writing, I learn from an eye-witness that Lee Lewis and John Rhodes met this evening in mortal combat. Lewis had arrested Rhodes' father and brother a few days ago for violation of the revenue law—selling tobacco. Rhodes had slightly insulted Lewis a time or two since. This evening they met and commenced quarrelling. Ap. Stenclinger, Charley Moore and Fan Bolton tried to quiet them and partly succeeded at one time. Lewis drew a pistol and fired at the depot, declaring that he was in the fight. Rhodes then drew his pistol and fired into the air. They then rushed toward each other, firing. The firing was kept up till within striking distance. Their pistols being empty, as is supposed, they stopped firing and went to knocking. Lewis struck Rhodes over the head and knocked him over into a ditch and jumped upon him. None of the shots took effect, except one that went through the fleshy part of Henry McLelland's leg. Quite a number of men were standing around, it being about mail time, and it is remarkable no more of them were hit.

I would just like to know what good there is in an unexecuted law. If there are no officers to execute the law, there ought to be some appointed. If we have "things" in office that won't do their duty, they ought to be shot with a bucket of slop and tied to the hind end of a lively mule for a season. Better do away with the weapon law and let us all have shotguns. Then I'd get me a Taylor gun plant it so it would rake everything that didn't suit me, and everything from a blue-tailed lizard up to an elephant might be low. Why, I could shoot all creation into regular politics, and if taken before the "honorable" court a "not pros" would settle the matter. Law! order!!

EXIT. P. S.—Further particulars concerning the fight yesterday evening reveal that there were nine shots fired. Statements differ as to who fired first. EXIT.

AT THE HOTELS.

List of Arrivals in the City. The following is a list of arrivals at the hotels for March 5th:

ATKIN HOUSE. C. M. Vestal, Greenville; H. N. Snyder, Chattanooga; Dr. J. B. Matthews, Waterbury, Conn.; Jas. Kirkpatrick, F. S. Brown, A. F. Gilbert, Baltimore; John Allison, Jr., L. C. Peoples, Jonesboro; E. C. Sylvester, Loudon; John Russell, H. F. Cain, Morristown; O. T. Smith, N. Y.; J. W. Saxe, Boston.

LAMAR HOUSE. P. B. Mayfield, Cleveland; John F. Chumley, Coal Creek; Geo. F. Hasselmyer, Claiborne county; D. E. Matthews, Waterbury, Conn.; Jas. Kirkpatrick, F. S. Brown, A. F. Gilbert, Baltimore; John Allison, Jr., L. C. Peoples, Jonesboro; E. C. Sylvester, Loudon; John Russell, H. F. Cain, Morristown; O. T. Smith, N. Y.; J. W. Saxe, Boston.

Circuit Court Notes.

The hearing of the jury docket in the circuit court was completed yesterday forenoon, and the two regular panel juries, who have been serving during the term, were discharged. The non-jury docket was taken up and some causes disposed of. The entire docket will possibly be completed to-day.

The damage case of J. J. O'Shea vs. Peter Copeland resulted in a verdict for the defendant. As has been stated, this was an action for libel, in which \$5,000 damages was claimed of Copeland, who was one of 108 colored citizens who signed a petition published in the CHRONICLE some two or three years ago, for the removal of O'Shea as principal of the colored schools, which removal was afterwards effected. O'Shea, it will be remembered, also sued Dr. G. W. LeVere, a prominent colored minister, for \$5,000, which case was tried at this court and decided in LeVere's favor. O'Shea also had a suit pending against John Crowley, an Irishman, for the same sum, on a similar charge. That was dismissed by the plaintiff. Mr. O'Shea has met with disaster all around, and is in, he and his securities, for from \$500 to \$600 costs, besides attorney's fees.

MERCHANTS

Should not fail to examine the

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE

STOCK OF

STOVES

AND

TINWARE

CARRIED BY

HAVEY, ROLEN & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE, Knoxville, Tenn.

They offer great inducements.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Call of the Executive Committee—Halls of Representation.

The republicans of Knox county are requested to meet at their respective voting places on Saturday, March 27, 1880, at 12 noon, to select delegates to attend the county convention, at the court house, in Knoxville, on Monday, March 29, 1880, to nominate candidates for sheriff and trustee. Each district is entitled to delegates as follows:

1st district—1st ward, 1; 2nd ward, 2; 3rd ward, 2; 4th ward, 1; 5th ward, 4; 6th ward, 2; 7th ward, 3; 8th ward, 1; 2nd district—Karnes, 2; Roberts, 1; 3rd district, 3; 4th district, 3; 5th district, 2; 6th district, 1; 7th district, 2; 8th district, 2; 9th district, 2; 10th district, 3; 11th district, 3; 12th district—Mechanicville, 5; Oshorn, 2; Moore, 1; 13th district, 2; 14th district, 2; 15th district—Wrinkle's store, 1; New Hope, 1; 16th district, 2; 17th district, 1; 18th district, 2; 19th district, 2; 20th district, 1; 21st district, 3; 22nd district, 3; 23rd district, 2.

By order of the Knox county republican executive committee.

G. L. MALONEY, Secretary.

Weather Report. KNOXVILLE, March 2, 1880.

Time.... 7 a.m. | 10 a.m. | 2 p.m. | 2 3/4 p.m.
Barom't' 29.79 | 29.81 | 29.77 | 29.77
Therm't' 66 | 71 | 74 | 74
Wet B'ib 61 | 64.5 | 66 | 66

Maximum Thermometer, 76°; Minimum, 64°; Rainfall, 0.00 inches.

INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and Ohio valley, rising barometer, colder westerly winds, clear or fair weather, possibly followed in western part by falling barometer, wind shifting to warmer southerly.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market. New York, March 5.—Money, \$1.04 1/8. Exchange, \$4.84. Governments strong and higher; 3 1/2%, \$1.03 1/2; 5%, \$1.08; 4 1/2%, \$1.06. States dull and nominal.

New York Cotton Market. New York, March 5.—Cotton firm; sales, 1,189 bales; uplands, 734; Orleans, 134. Weekly net receipts, 10,219 bales; gross, 24,593 bales; exports to Great Britain, 15,596 bales; France, 1,200 bales; continent, 1,334 bales; sales, 7,773 bales; stock, 80,855 bales.

General Market. New York, March 5.—Southern flour quiet and heavy; common to fair extra, \$5.75 to \$6.00; good to choice do., \$6.40 to \$6.50. Wheat, 1 1/2% lower rather more doing at decline; ungraded red, \$1.40 to \$1.47. Corn a shade stronger and very quiet; ungraded, 58 1/2 to 60. Oats a shade firmer, less active; No. 3, 48c. Coffee unchanged and quiet. Sugar higher and very strong, little offering; centrifugal, 8 1/2; Muscovado, 7 1/2; fair to good refining, 7 1/2 to 7 3/4; refined in good demand and firmer. Molasses, foreign, firm; Cuba, 50¢ test, 37c; New Orleans, firm and in fair demand. Rice weak; Carolina, 6 1/2 to 6 3/4. Wool steady and in moderate demand. Pork firmer, very quiet, \$11.75 to \$12.50; middles very firm; long clear, 7 3/4 to 7 1/2; short, 7c; long and short, 7 1/2. Lard opened strong and closed weak, \$7.07. Whisky nominal, \$1.10.

Chicago Market. CHICAGO, March 5.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat, steady and in fair demand; No. 2 Chicago spring, \$1.25; No. 3 do., \$1.09 to \$1.10. Corn, steady and firm; fresh, 37c; regular, 36 1/2. Oats, firmer, 31 1/2 to 32. Pork, dull and a shade lower. Lard, steady, with a fair demand, \$7.15 to \$7.17. Bulk meats, steady, with a fair demand, \$6.75. Bacon, firm; shoulders, 5 1/2; ribs, 7c; sides, 7c. Whisky, in fair demand, \$1.05. Sugar, steady. Hogs, dull; common, \$3.25 to \$3.40; light, \$4.00 to \$4.40; packing, \$4.25 to \$4.50; butchers, \$4.00 to \$4.65.

COFFIN, WILSON & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

Corner Gay and Reservoir Streets,

Keep the Largest Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES,

KEPT IN

EAST TENNESSEE,

AND

Allow no one to Undersell Them.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HAZARD RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

Lewis & Carhart,

Wholesale Grocers,

Knoxville, Tennessee.

Unsurpassed facilities for supplying the

trade with Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

At New York Prices, freight added.

Agents for Holston Salt and Plaster Company and

Lenoir's and Rockford Yarns.

Plenty of storage room to store produce for their

customers.

BEST QUALITY COAL OIL.

Lewis & Carhart.

FOR THE

Early 1880 Spring Trade,

AT

BARTON'S.

JUST RECEIVED A VERY LARGE LOT OF

HAMBURG EDGINGS. HAMBURG INSERTINGS

From 1-8 to 6-inch Embroidery.

These goods are a fresh importation—very handsome and very cheap.

ALSO JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Black Cashmeres and Black Silks.

Kid Gloves all grades, in Black, White, Dark and Opera colors; New Dress Buttons; Black Silk Fringes; New Neck Ruchings and Skirt Ruchings; Bleached

Domestics; Counterpanes and Quilts. Carpets, Oil Cloths, Curtain Shades and Fittings, Nottingham Curtain Nets, Lace

Lambrequins, etc. Boy's Clothing, Genuine "Anker" Bolted Cloth, No. 8 to 11.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

71 Gay Street. KNOXVILLE, TENN. ALVIN BARTON.

CITIZENS OF KNOXVILLE

---AND---

VISITORS FROM THE COUNTRY

WILL FIND NATHAN STERN HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMON, MEDIUM AND FINE

CLOTHING.

He has and can show you a LARGE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK of

Single and Double Breasted Sack and Frock Suits

—IN—

Cheviots, Worsteds, Plain & Fancy Cassimeres

Don't fail to see his well assorted Stock of

CASSIMERE AND WORSTED PANTS.

Call and Examine my Stock of the LATEST STYLES of

Beaver, Worsted, Diagonal and Chinchilla

OVER COATS.

I HAVE ALSO A GOOD STOCK OF SINGLE AND DOUBLE BREASTED

BLACK AND WORSTED COATS AND VESTS.

In Undershirts and Drawers, I Keep the Peter's Goods—the best made

I also Keep the Medicated Flannel and All Wool Red

Undershirts and Drawers.

IN WHITE SHIRTS, I KEEP THE PEARL AND ECLIPSE. The first known

for the Best Shirt in Tennessee.

In Linen Collars and Cuffs, Neckties, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Plain and Fancy

Half Hose, I keep the Latest Styles, and call your attention to examine my stock before

buying any where else.

Special Bargains will be given to Ministers.

NATHAN STERN,

Gay Street, Opposite Central House.